# 600 MHz Dual-Balanced InGaAs Low Noise Photodetector

#### **Features**

• High transimpedance gain: 3500 V/W

• Low noise: below -130 dBm/Hz

• NEP:  $20 \,\mathrm{pW}/\sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$  typ.

• 620 MHz bandwidth

 AC coupled; low cutoff below 300 kHz (30 kHz to 5 MHz on request)

• Wavelength range: 1000 nm to 1700 nm

• Fiber Coupled: FC receptables

• Output:  $50 \Omega$  SMA plug

• Wide range single supply: 11 to 15 V



- Interferometry
- High speed Swept-Source OCT imaging
- Balanced (differential) detection
- Can be used single-ended as well



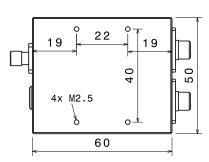
### **General Description**

The WL-BPD600MA is an AC-coupled high-speed dual-balanced (differential) InGaAs photoreceiver. Due to its high transimpedance gain, its very low noise, and its bandwidth of typically 620 MHz, it is ideally suited for ultrahigh speed swept-source OCT systems with depth scan line rates up to above 300 kHz.

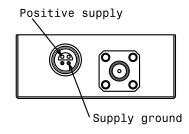
The WL-BPD600MA comes in a rugged aluminum case with two FC fiber receptables and a 50  $\Omega$  SMA output. It operates from a single 11–15 V DC supply. OEM versions are available upon request.

## **Mechanical Properties**

- Fiber coupling: FC receptables for FC/PC and FC/APC connectors
- RF output: SMA (female)
- Supply voltage input: Push-pull LEMO plug (included with diode)
- Small form factor:  $50 \times 60 \times 20$  mm (weight: 105 g without cable)
- Mounting: 4x M2.5 threaded holes on bottom (screw length 4 mm)



#### **Electrical Connectors**



Supply connector (front view). The case is electrically connected to ground. There are two types of supply cable, one has 2 wires (new cable) and one has 5 wires (old). The corresponding color scheme of these cables is:

Cable type	Positive supply	Supply ground		
2-wire	white	brown, shield		
5-wire	yellow	grey, shield		

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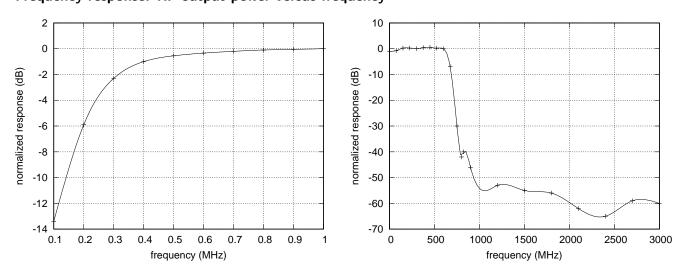
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## **Specifications**

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
DC Characteristics					
Supply Voltage $(+V_S)$		11	12	15	V
Supply Current			110		mA
AC Characteristics					
3dB Bandwidth		600	620	670	MHz
AC Low Frequency Cutoff			260	300	kHz
Output IP3			28		dBm
2nd Harmonic	$P_{out} = 0  dBm$		-40		dBc
	$P_{out} = -10dBm$		-53		dBc
3rd Harmonic	$P_{out} = 0  dBm$		-45		dBc
	$P_{out} = -10dBm$		-47		dBc
Noise Spectral Density	1 MHz – 800 MHz		-130	-125	dBm/Hz
	> 800 MHz			-150	dBm/Hz
Noise Equivalent Power (NEP)	1 MHz – 620 MHz, 1550 nm		20	35	$pW/\sqrt{Hz}$
Output Impedance			50		Ω
Optical Characteristics					
Input Wavelength Range		1000		1700	nm
Transimpedance Gain	wavelength 1550 nm		3 500		$V/W_{optic}$
	wavelength 1310 nm		3 300		$V/W_{optic}$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		25	30		dB
Maximum Input Power	(damage threshold)	10			mW
Environmental Characteristics					
Operating Temperature Range <sup>1</sup>	non-condensing	-20		+80	°C
Storage Temperature Range	non-condensing	-20		+120	°C

# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

#### Frequency response: RF output power versus frequency



Test conditions: Light input 100  $\mu\mathrm{W}$  at 1550 nm, modulated via EOM.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Test show operation up to  $120^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature for multiple days without failure, contact us for more information.